COMMITEE: Disarmament

QUESTION OF: The question of continued use of drones in warfare

MAIN SUBMITTERS: Israel

CO-SUBMITTERS: China, USA, South Korea

THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY,

***Recognizing*** that the lives of civilians have been jeopardized in areas where drone warfare has taken place, with an average of a one out of five ratio of casualties being innocent civilians,

***Noting*** further that unlike humans, drones can be stolen or function abnormally, causing a range of problems, such as unintentional weapon fire, and that drones do not have any means of confirming whether a target is innocent or not,

***Bearing in mind*** the benefits of using drones in warfare, such as but not limited to replacing soldiers to reduce the amount of casualties among military men, along with reducing the amount of funds needed to invest in military actions,

***Aware*** that there are a number of bomb strikes where little surveillance was done beforehand, causing the deaths of hundreds, with only a dozen of them being criminals/intended targets,

***Emphasizing*** that drones should not be limited or removed from the military, but instead should be more regulated and controlled to ensure the safety of civilians,

1. ***Urges*** countries to only use offensive drones (such as UAVs) after:
	1. The strike zone has been monitored,
	2. There is confirmation that the intended strike zone consists of less than 10% of innocent civilians;
2. ***Requests*** for the creation of a declaration which states that the signatories approve the presence of foreign surveillance drones within their borders, if they are under suspicion of housing terrorist groups;
3. ***Stresses*** that every drone used for warfare is to be recorded into a file and store safely, along with an inspection of every drone once every 6 months and that malfunctioned /damaged drones are either repaired or disposed of;
4. ***Recommends*** that drones should be inspected just before use, either through manual inspection or through a test run, to further ensure that no malfunctions will occur during the strike;
5. ***Trusts*** that countries will only use drones when prompted to or when there is a need to, and that UAV’s will not be the first course of action;
6. ***Urges*** the creation of an annual evaluation review for the use of drones in affected countries and make necessary adjustments to reduce the negative issues of war drone usage.